

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS **HOUSTON DIVISION**

In re ENRON CORPORATI LITIGATION	ON SECURITIES	§ Civil Action No. 3 § (Consolidated)
mil D		§ CLASS ACTION
This Document Relates To:		§ s
MARK NEWBY, et al., Indi		§
Behalf of All Others Similar	ly Situated,	§
	Plaintiffs,	§ §
vs.		§ §
ENRON CORP., et al.,		§ §
	Defendants.	§ §
THE REGENTS OF THE U	NIVERSITY OF	§ s
CALIFORNIA, et al., Individual of All Others Similarly Situation	-	S CLASS ACTION S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
	Plaintiffs,	§ §
VS.		§ §
KENNETH L. LAY, et al.,		§ 8
	Defendants.	\$ §

H-01-3624

LEAD PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENFORCE DEPOSITION PROTOCOL ORDER AND TO COMPEL JP MORGAN CHASE TO PROVIDE DISCOVERY

I. INTRODUCTION

In violation of the express language of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Deposition Protocol Order governing this action, counsel for J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. and its affiliates named in this action ("JP Morgan") has improperly instructed an important percipient witness to not answer deposition questioning merely on the grounds of relevance. In this regard, the Court has been particularly clear: "Counsel shall not instruct witnesses not to answer questions, except on the ground of privilege." Deposition Protocol Order dated March 11, 2004 at 12. As the Court has already admonished the parties "that it will not tolerate" violations of the Deposition Protocol Order, Order Granting Motion to Clarify Deposition Protocol Order to Prohibit Objections and Coaching of Witnesses During Deposition dated July 9, 2004, JP Morgan's conduct should be sternly rebuked. Moreover, plaintiffs request that the Court order JP Morgan to make Jeffrey Dellapina available for further deposition at plaintiffs' discretion.

II. ARGUMENT

Lead Plaintiff alleges that the banks in this case (in particular, their employees) were motivated to arrange, structure, fund and execute transactions to manipulate Enron's financial statements because (among other things) they were rewarded with lucrative compensation. While bank employees have been reluctant to admit their compensation was affected by their business with Enron and certain employees (*i.e.*, Marc Shapiro, former officer of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.) cannot even recall a ballpark estimate of their compensation, it has been apparent that compensation was significantly higher when business was done with Enron, as compared with when there was little or no business with Enron. For example, Jeffrey Dellapina's compensation was in the millions of dollars when his business with Enron was greatest (*e.g.*, \$2.15MM in 2000, and \$1.5MM in 2001) but plaintiffs were precluded from learning his compensation in years after his business with Enron ceased.

Counsel for JP Morgan improperly instructed JP Morgan employee and percipient witness, Jeffrey Dellapina, to not answer deposition questions concerning the amount of his compensation in 2002 and 2003. *See* Dellapina Tr. at 572-74 (attached hereto as Ex. A). David Woll, counsel for JP Morgan, set forth his basis for doing so on the record:

Q. And can you tell me now what your compensation was for the year 2002 including any bonus you received in connection with that year?

MR. WOLL: Hold on before you answer that, Jeff. Obviously I let him answer the questions with respect to the period of time in dispute. *I think going to 2002 though is irrelevant* and given the sensitivity of this information, I'm not sure that Mr. Dellapina should be required to provide his compensation after the Enron bankruptcy.

MS. SAMMONS: I think it is relevant to the extent that the Enron prepays calculated into the transaction at all. If you want to direct him not to answer you can direct him not to answer and we'll take it to the court, but I'm going to ask the question.

MR. WOLL: At this point I will direct the witness not to answer and we can discuss this I think after the deposition and figure out whether ultimately that information is something we'll give you voluntarily or not.

* * *

Q. And for the year 2003, can you tell me what your compensation was for that year including any bonus you received in connection with that year?

MR. WOLL: Same instruction.

Dellapina Tr. at 572-73 (emphasis added). During a break counsel for Lead Plaintiff requested that counsel for J.P. Morgan inform counsel prior to the close of the deposition whether Mr. Dellapina would be allowed to answer questions concerning compensation after 2001. Counsel for J.P. Morgan never provided a response.

Relevance is simply an inappropriate ground for instructing a witness not to answer a question. The Court has clearly cautioned the parties that the only proper basis for instructing a witness not to answer a question is privilege. Deposition Protocol Order dated March 11, 2004 at 12

("Counsel shall not instruct witnesses not to answer questions, except on the ground of privilege.").

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure are in accord:

Under the plain language of Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(1), counsel may instruct a deponent not to answer only when necessary to preserve a privilege, to enforce a limitation on evidence directed by the court, or to suspend a deposition in order to present a motion under Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(3). It is inappropriate to instruct a witness not to answer a question on the basis of relevance.

Resolution Trust Corp. v. Dabney, 73 F.3d 262, 266 (10th Cir. 1995). See also Ralston Purina Co. v. McFarland, 550 F.2d 967, 973 (4th Cir. 1977) (same). "Lack of relevance is not a ground for an instruction not to answer under Rule 30(d)(1)." Jones v. Robinson, No. 1:00 cv 512, 2001 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 4840, at *3 (W.D. Mich. April 9, 2001). Accordingly, Mr. Woll's instruction to Mr. Dellapina was improper.

III. CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated herein, plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court order J.P. Morgan to make Jeffrey Dellapina available for thirty minutes of further questioning concerning

Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(1) now makes reference to Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(d)(4) but remains substantially the same.

compensation at a later date to be chosen by plaintiffs and that the Court, once again, admonish all parties that it will not tolerate violations of the Deposition Protocol Order.

DATED: August 6, 2004

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing LEAD PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENFORCE DEPOSITION PROTOCOL ORDER AND TO COMPEL JP MORGAN CHASE TO PROVIDE DISCOVERY document has been served by sending a copy via electronic mail to serve@ESL3624.com on this August 6, 2004.

I further certify that a copy of the foregoing LEAD PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENFORCE DEPOSITION PROTOCOL ORDER AND TO COMPEL JP MORGAN CHASE TO PROVIDE DISCOVERYdocument has been served via overnight mail on the following parties, who do not accept service by electronic mail on this August 6, 2004.

Carolyn S. Schwartz United States Trustee, Region 2 33 Whitehall Street, 21st Floor New York, NY 10004

Mo Maloney

7/27/2004 Deliapina, J.

7/27/2004 Deltapina, J. JEPPREY W. DELLAPINA - CONFIDENTIAL

1	JEFFREY W. DELLAPINA - CONFIDENTIAL	1	JEFFREY W. DELLAPINA - CONFIDENTIAL
2	that year including any bonus you received	2	compensation that year including any bonus
3	in 1999 for the year 1998?	3	that you received in January or in 2002?
4	A. I'm guessing and I think it	4	A. 1.5 million.
5	was around 850,000.	5	Q. And
6	Q. And of that approximately	6	A. My only hesitation IS that
7	850,000 can you tell me how much was bonus?	7	it's difficult sometimes when the stock gets
8	A. Probably around 700,000.	8	realized years later to look back and think
9	Q. Can you tell me, please, what	9	about when it's not the cash income
10	your total compensation was for the year	10	 I appreciate your effort.
11	1999 including any bonus that you received	11	A. It's the
12	in the year 2000 for the year 19997	12	Q. I appreciate your effort to
13	 A. Just give me a moment, please, 	13	quantify it.
14	to think.	14	A. That's okay.
15	Q. Sure.	15	Q. Of the approximately 1.5
16	A. When I cross over the years	16	million that you received in 2001, can you
17	it's hard to think about. I think it was	17	tell me roughly how much was bonus?
18	around 1.85 or 1.9 million	18	A. Approximately 1.35.
19	Q. And of that 1.85 or 1.9	19	Q. And can you tell me now what
20	million in compensation that you received	20	your compensation was for the year 2002
21	during the year 1999, or for the year 1999,	21	including any bonus you received in
22	can you tell me how much was bonus?	22	connection with that year?
23	A. Probably about 1.75. Just	23	MR. WOLL: Hold on before you

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24

25

7/27/2004 Dellapina, J.

so -- and compensation includes all

potential future compensation, right?

24

25

7/27/2004 Dellapina, J.

answer that, Jeff. Obviously I let him

answer the questions with respect to the

1	JEFFREY W. DELLAPINA - CONFIDENTIAL	1	JEFFREY W. DELLAPINA
2	Q. Yes	2	period of time in dispute. I think going to
3	A. Because we get bonus in the	3	2002 though is irrelevant and given the
4	form of stock, options, stock that, you	4	sensitivity of this information, I'm not
5	know, are not available for years, but	\$	sure that Mr. Dellapina should be required
6	Q That is in fact what I intend,	6	to provide his compensation after the Enron
7	yes.	7	bankruptcy.
8	A. Okay.	8	MS. SAMMONS: I think it is
9	Q. And for the year 2000, can you	9	relevant to the extent that the Enron
10	tell me what your total compensation was for	10	prepays calculated into the transaction at
11	that year including any bonus that you	11	all. If you want to direct him not to
12	received in the year 2001 related to the	12	answer you can direct him not to answer and
13	year 20007	13	we'll take it to the court, but I'm going to
14	A. It was 2.15.	14	ask the question.
15	Q. And how much of the 2.15	15	MR. WOLL: At this point I
16	and when you say 2.15, you mean \$2.15	16	will direct the witness not to answer and we
17	million, correct?	17	can discuss this I think after the
18	A. That's correct.	18	deposition and figure out whether ultimately
19	Q. How much of the \$2.15 million	19	that information is something we'll give you
20	that you received in the year, or for the	20	voluntarily or not.
21	year 2000 in compensation was bonus?	21	MS. SAMMONS: Well ultimately
22	A. It would have been two	22	I may want that information on tape if I
23	million.	23	want that information.
24	Q. And then in the year 2001, can	24	MR. WOLL: I'm not sure what
25	you tell me how much you received in	25	the okay. Fair enough. For right now

-	7/27/2004 Deliapina, J.
1	JEFFREY W. DELLAPINA
2	I'm going to instruct him not to answer at
3	least until we have a chance to discuss it
4	because it's not clear to me it's something
5	we will give voluntarily
6	Q. And you're going to follow
7	your counsel's instruction not to answer
8	that question, correct?
9	A. Yes, I will.
10	Q. And for the year 2003, can you
11	tell me what your compensation was for that
12	year including any bonus you received in
13	connection with that year?
14	MR. WOLL: Same instruction.
15	Q. And I assume you are going to
16	once again follow your counsel's instruction
17	and not answer that question?
18	A. Yes, I'm going to.
19	Q. I think I have one more
20	exhibit and one more question.
21	Actually, I forgot a question,
22	so before I go to this exhibit I want to ask
23	you a question.
24	How was your bonue
25	compensation calculated in the years when

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7/27/2004 Deliapina, J.

1	JEPPREY W. DELLAPINA
2	you were working on the Enron prepays?
3	A. I don't know.
4	Q. You have no idea at all?
5	A. No. The bonus process is a,
6	you know, it's a fairly subjective process
7	as I understand. What goes into that
8	clearly would be generally the performance
9	of the group, a lot of other factors,
10	nonfinancial factors as well. As far as
11	I've been involved with the bonus process,
13	in terms of what was decided for me, I was
13	never privy to that information.
14	Q. Is one of the things that goes
15	into the bonus process, that you understand
16	goes into the process of determining your
17	bonus the expected return that Chase either
18	did receive or expects to receive on
19	transactions like the prepay transactions
20	that you worked on?
21	MR. WOLL: Object to the form
22	of the question.
23	A. Sure, my impression is that
24	the profitability of the prepay transactions
25	would play a role in that. Which ones had

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This Document Relates To:	3
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CALIFORNIA, et al., Individually and On Behalf	§
of All Others Similarly Situated,	§ 8
Plaintiffs,	8 § 8
vs.	\$ \$ \$
KENNETH L. LAY, et al.,	§ 8
Defendants.	\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\

ORDER GRANTING LEAD PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO ENFORCE DEPOSITION PROTOCOL ORDER AND TO COMPEL JP MORGAN CHASE TO PROVIDE DISCOVERY

Having reviewed Lead Plaintiff's Motion to Enforce Deposition Protocol Order and to Compel J.P. Morgan Chase to Provide Discovery, and pursuant to and consistent with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Deposition Protocol Order dated March 11, 2004, the Court hereby orders that during depositions in this matter counsel shall not instruct witnesses to refrain from answering questions except on the ground of privilege, and cautions all parties that it will not tolerate violations of this Order or the Deposition Protocol Order. J.P. Morgan Chase will make Jeffrey Dellapina available for deposition for thirty minutes of further questioning concerning compensation, at a date chosen by plaintiffs.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED:	
	THE HONORABLE MELINDA HARMON
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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